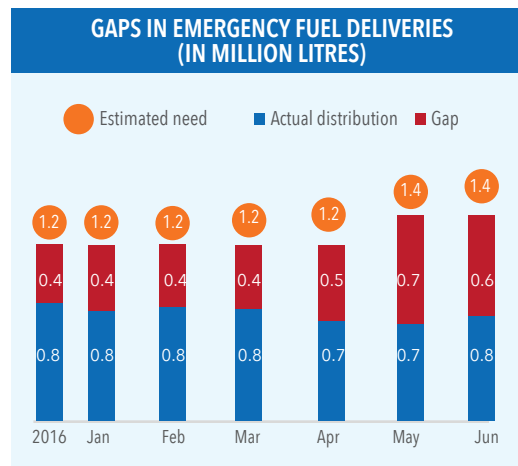
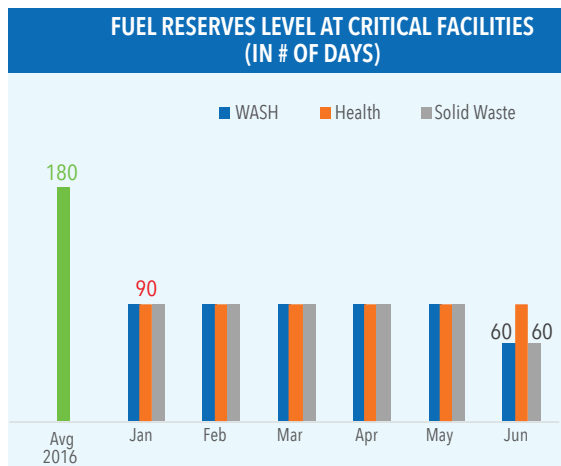


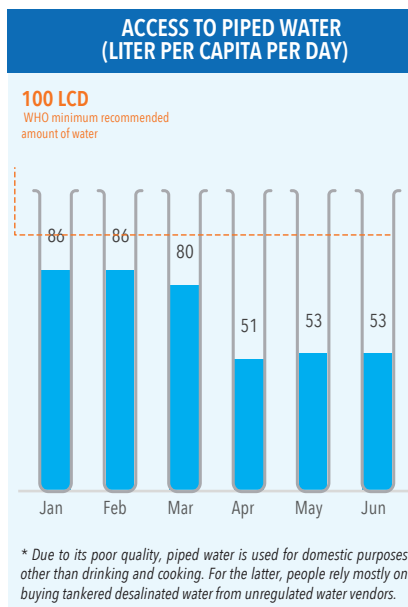
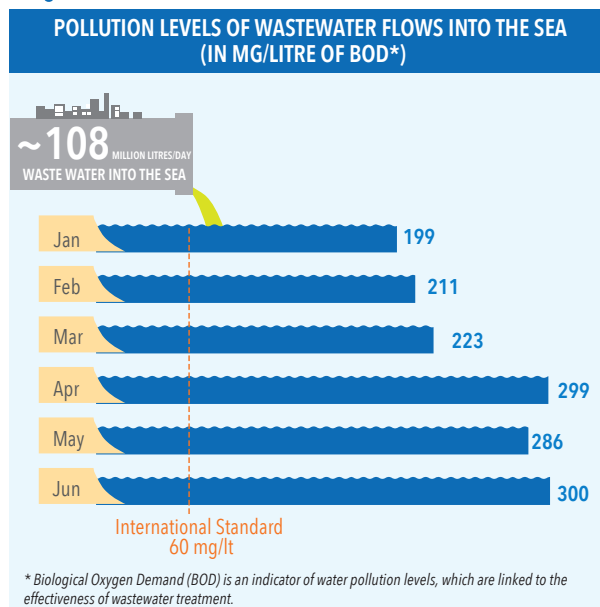
Against the backdrop of 10 years of Israel's land, air and sea blockade, there has been an escalation in the internal Palestinian divide, since March 2017, which exacerbated Gaza's energy crisis and resulted in outages of 18-20 hours a day. Additionally, the salary crisis in the public sector in Gaza has worsened; thousands of civil servants have been reportedly referred for early retirement; and the financial approval for the referral of hundreds of patients outside Gaza has been reportedly delayed/disrupted. These developments have impacted the availability of essential services and the livelihoods of Gaza's two million residents. The following indicators were identified by the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) to monitor the evolution of the crisis, trigger humanitarian action and prevent further deterioration.

EMERGENCY FUEL

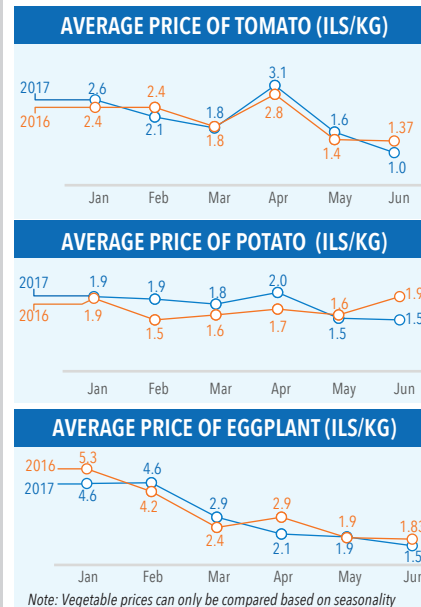
To allow for the maintenance of a minimum level of critical services, humanitarian agencies provide 189 health, water and sanitation, and solid waste collection facilities with emergency fuel to run backup generators and vehicles.



WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE



FOOD-SECURITY



HEALTH

