Under the Wye River Memorandum of 1998, land reserves, amounting to approximately three percent of the
United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs

KEY FACTS

- The Jordan Valley and Dead Sea area covers around 30 per cent of the West Bank, and is home to nearly 60,000 Palestinians.
- Most of the area is prohibited for Palestinian use, earmarked instead for the use of the Israeli military or under the jurisdiction of Israeli settlements.
- Around one quarter of Palestinians in the area reside in Area C, including some 7,900 Bedouin and herders. Some 3,400 people reside partially or fully in closed military zones and face a high risk of forced displacement.
- There are 37 Israeli settlements, with a population of 9,500, established across the area, in contravention of international law.
- Water consumption dips to 20 litres/capita/day in most herding communities in the area, compared to the WHO recommendation of 100 l/c/d and the average settlement consumption of 300 l/c/d.
- Access to the area, which has improved in the past year, is controlled by two checkpoints and two partial checkpoints, the latter of which are rarely staffed.
- Restrictions on access to transportation routes, to agricultural land and to water resources have impeded Palestinian livelihoods. Meanwhile, Israeli settlements have been able to develop highly profitable agricultural, mineral, touristic and other businesses.

For more information, please refer to index on page 32.